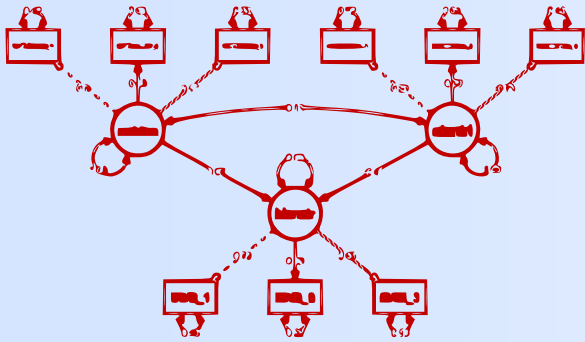


TALLE Introducción a los modelos de ecuaciones estructurales en



Salvador Ruiz de Maya

Mayo 2021

MODELOS DE ECUACIONES ESTRUCTURALES

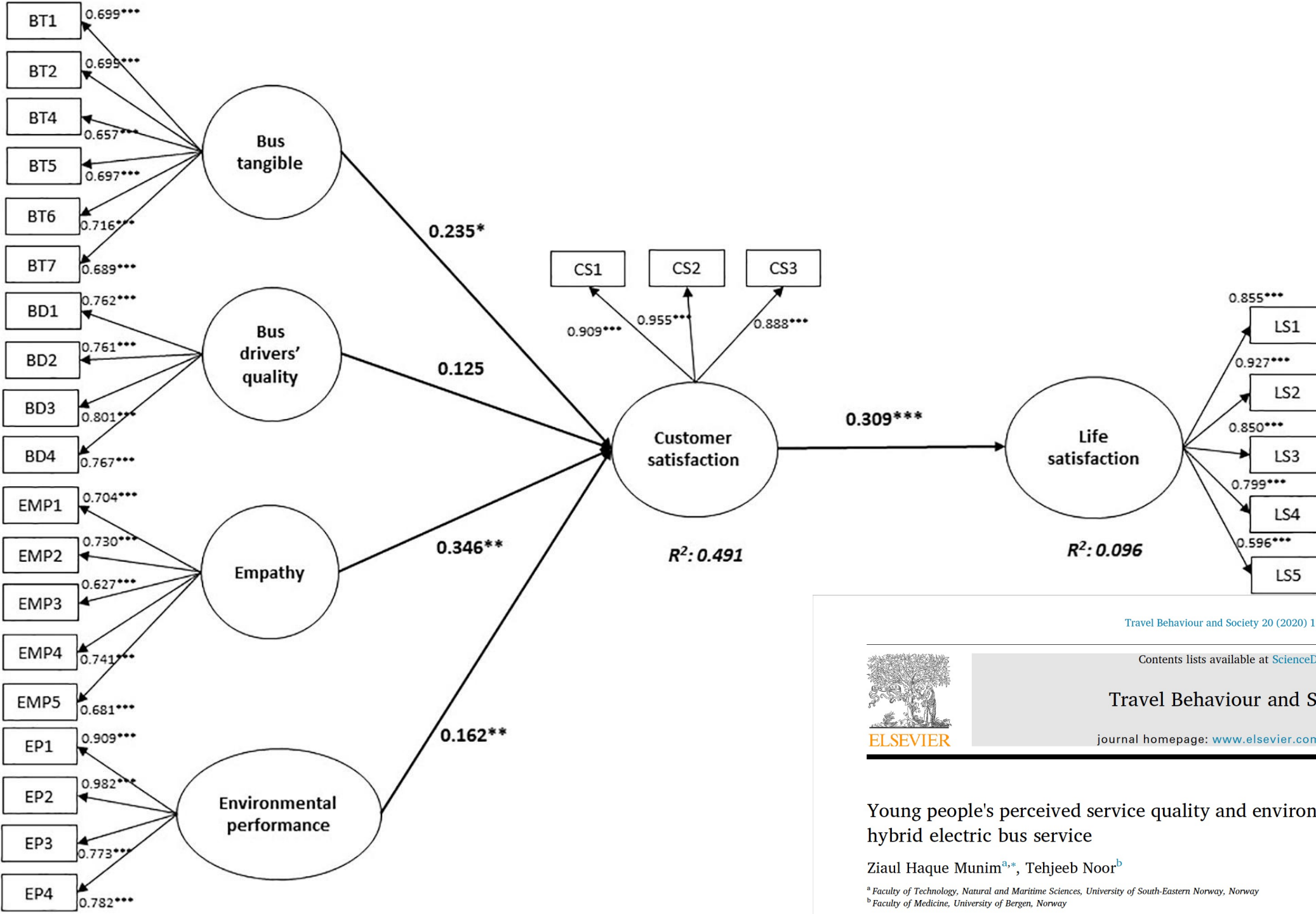
- "Los modelos de ecuaciones estructurales puede definirse como una clase de metodologías que busca representar hipótesis sobre las medias, varianzas y covarianzas de los datos observados en términos de un número número de parámetros 'estructurales' definidos por un modelo conceptual o teórico subyacente".

(Kaplan, 2001, p. 15215)

- Metodología más usada: Modelos de estructuras de covarianza (CB-SEM)

VENTAJAS

- Permite contrastar hipótesis de relaciones entre variables (modelo)
- Permite utilizar variables latentes medidas a través de variables observadas (escalas)
- Los modelos se representan con diagramas que permiten una visión global del bloque de relaciones planteado
- Permite estimar efectos directos e indirectos
- Permite comparaciones multigrupo
- etc.



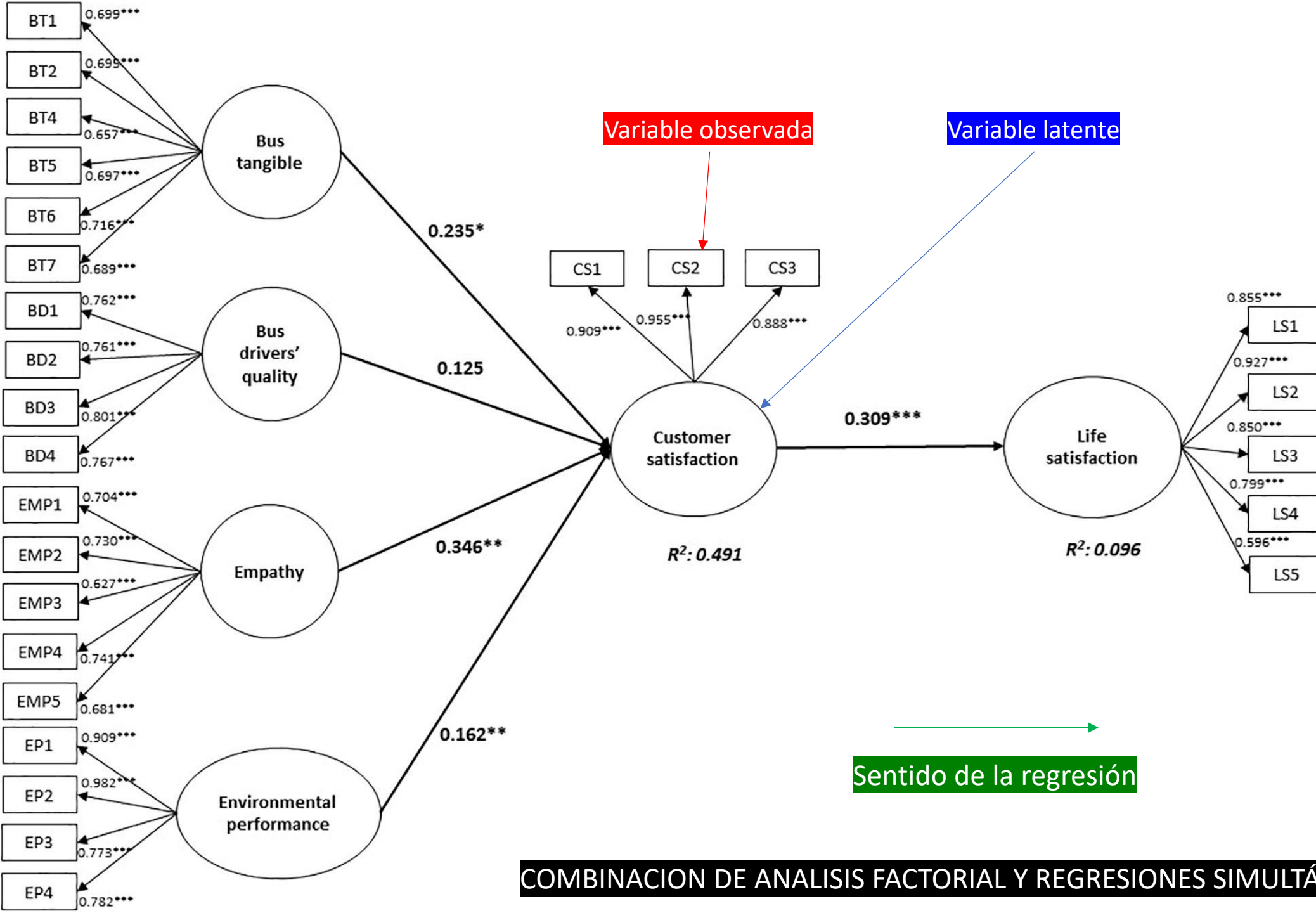
Young people's perceived service quality and environmental performance of hybrid electric bus service

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^b Faculty of Medicine, University of Bergen, Norway





PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- FIABILIDAD Y VALIDEZ
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

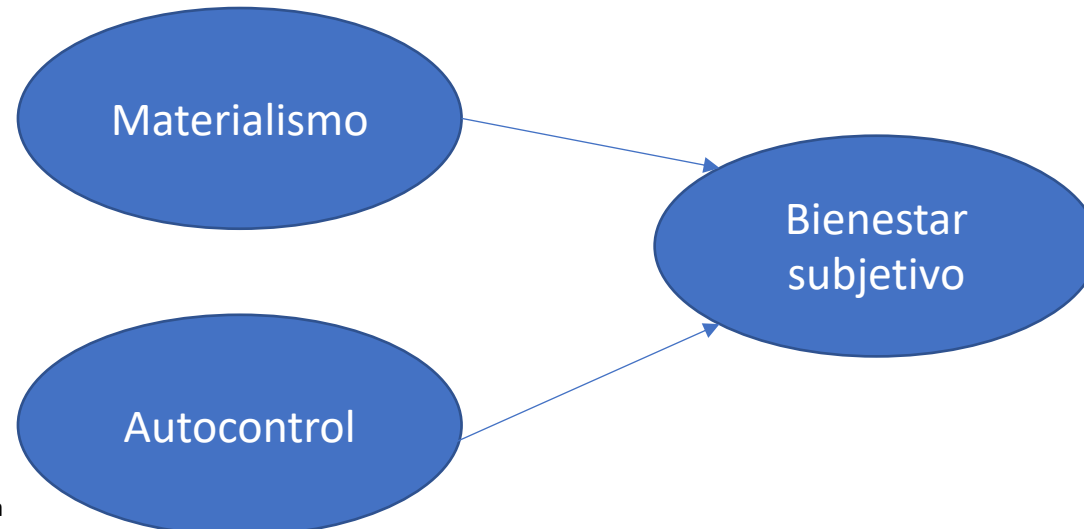
Veamos un ejemplo

PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESPECIFICACION DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)

- Encuesta de bienestar financiero
- <https://www.consumerfinance.gov/data-research/financial-well-being-survey-data/>
- Hipotesis: los rasgos de personalidad afectan al bienestar financiero del individuo



PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Bienestar subjetivo: 3 items (1 = muy en desacuerdo, 7= muy de acuerdo)
 - Ejemplo: estoy satisfecho/a con mi vida
- Materialismo: 3 items (1 = muy en desacuerdo, 7= muy de acuerdo)
 - Ejemplo: admire a la gente que tiene casas, coches y ropa cara
- Bienestar subjetivo: 3 items (1 = muy en desacuerdo, 7= muy de acuerdo)
 - Ejemplo: A menudo actuo sin considerar todas las alternativas

PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA




PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Mediante ANALISIS FACTORIAL CONFIRMATORIO (AFC)

`library(lavaan)`

lavaan: Latent Variable Analysis

Fit a variety of latent variable models, including confirmatory factor analysis, structural equation modeling and latent growth curve models.

Version: 0.6-8
Depends: R (≥ 3.4)
Imports: methods, stats4, stats, utils, graphics, [MASS](#), [mnormt](#), [pbivnorm](#), [numDeriv](#)
Published: 2021-03-10
Author: Yves Rosseel  [aut, cre], Terrence D. Jorgensen  [aut], Nicholas Rockwood  [aut], Daniel Oberski [ctb], Jarrett Byrnes [ctb], Leonard Vanbrabant [ctb], Victoria Savalei [ctb], Ed Merkle [ctb], Michael Hallquist [ctb], Mijke Rhemtulla [ctb], Myrsini Katsikatsou [ctb], Mariska Barendse [ctb], Florian Scharf [ctb], Han Du [ctb]
Maintainer: Yves Rosseel <Yves.Rosseel at UGent.be>
License: [GPL-2](#) | [GPL-3](#) [expanded from: GPL (≥ 2)]
URL: <https://lavaan.ugent.be>
NeedsCompilation: no
Citation: [lavaan citation info](#)
Materials: [README](#)
In views: [Econometrics](#), [MissingData](#), [OfficialStatistics](#), [Psychometrics](#)
CRAN checks: [lavaan results](#)

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Mediante ANALISIS FACTORIAL CONFIRMATORIO (AFC)

```
modeloAFC <- '  
# modelo de medida  
swb =~ SWB_1 + SWB_2 + SWB_3  
mat =~ MATERIALISM_1 + MATERIALISM_2 + MATERIALISM_3  
selfc =~ SELFCONTROL_1 + SELFCONTROL_2 + SELFCONTROL_3  
'
```

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Mediante ANALISIS FACTORIAL CONFIRMATORIO (AFC)

```
fitAFC <- cfa(modeloAFC, data = mydata, estimator = "MLM")
summary(fitAFC, fit.measures = TRUE)
fitMeasures(fitAFC)
inspect (fitAFC, "cor.lv")
inspect (fitAFC, "cor.ov")
standardizedSolution(fitAFC)
MI <- modificationIndices(fitAFC)
subset(MI, mi > 4)
```

Estimación de los parámetros del modelo:

Reducción de la discrepancia entre la matriz de covarianzas observada y la derivada del modelo estimado.

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Mediante ANALISIS FACTORIAL CONFIRMATORIO (AFC)

```
fitAFC <- cfa(modeloAFC, data = mydata, estimator = "MLM")
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inspect (fitAFC, "cor.lv")
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standardizedSolution(fitAFC)
MI <- modificationIndices(fitAFC)
subset(MI, mi > 4)
```

Estimators

If all data is continuous, the default estimator in the lavaan package is maximum likelihood (`estimator = "ML"`). Alternative estimators available in lavaan are:

- "GLS" : generalized least squares. For complete data only.
- "WLS" : weighted least squares (sometimes called ADF estimation). For complete data only.
- "DWLS" : diagonally weighted least squares
- "ULS" : unweighted least squares
- "DLS" : distributionally-weighted least squares
- "PML" : pairwise maximum likelihood

Many estimators have 'robust' variants, meaning that they provide robust standard errors and a scaled test statistic. For example, for the maximum likelihood estimator, lavaan provides the following robust variants:

- "MLM" : maximum likelihood estimation with robust standard errors and a Satorra-Bentler scaled test statistic. For complete data only.
- "MLMVS" : maximum likelihood estimation with robust standard errors and a mean- and variance adjusted test statistic (aka the Satterthwaite approach). For complete data only.
- "MLMV" : maximum likelihood estimation with robust standard errors and a mean- and variance adjusted test statistic (using a scale-shifted approach). For complete data only.
- "MLF" : for maximum likelihood estimation with standard errors based on the first-order derivatives, and a conventional test statistic. For both complete and incomplete data.
- "MLR" : maximum likelihood estimation with robust (Huber-White) standard errors and a scaled test statistic that is (asymptotically) equal to the Yuan-Bentler test statistic. For both complete and incomplete data.

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Mediante ANALISIS FACTORIAL CONFIRMATORIO (AFC)

```
fitAFC <- cfa(modeloAFC, data = mydata, estimator = "MLM")
summary(fitAFC, fit.measures = TRUE)
fitMeasures(fitAFC)
inspect (fitAFC, "cor.lv") Correlación entre las variables latentes
inspect (fitAFC, "cor.ov") Correlación entre las variables observadas
standardizedSolution(fitAFC)
MI <- modificationIndices(fitAFC) Cálculo de los índices de modificaciones
subset(MI, mi > 4) Mostrar mayores que 4: > pchisq(3.84, df = 1)
[1] 0.9499565
```


PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

```
> summary(fitAFC, fit.measures = TRUE)
lavaan 0.6-8 ended normally after 45 iterations
```

Estimator	ML	
Optimization method	NLMINB	
Number of model parameters	21	
	Used	Total
Number of observations	6107	6394
Model Test User Model:		
	Standard	Robust
Test Statistic	575.657	482.508
Degrees of freedom	24	24
P-value (Chi-square)	0.000	0.000
Scaling correction factor		1.193
Satorra-Bentler correction		
Model Test Baseline Model:		
Test statistic	13734.840	10649.457
Degrees of freedom	36	36
P-value	0.000	0.000
Scaling correction factor		1.290
User Model versus Baseline Model:		
Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	0.960	0.957
Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.940	0.935
Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)		0.960
Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)		0.940
Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:		
Loglikelihood user model (H0)	-72698.477	-72698.477
Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)	-72410.648	-72410.648
Akaike (AIC)	145438.954	145438.954
Bayesian (BIC)	145580.015	145580.015
Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)	145513.282	145513.282
Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:		
RMSEA	0.061	0.056
90 Percent confidence interval - lower	0.057	0.052
90 Percent confidence interval - upper	0.066	0.060
P-value RMSEA <= 0.05	0.000	0.007
Robust RMSEA		0.061
90 Percent confidence interval - lower		0.056
90 Percent confidence interval - upper		0.066
Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:		
SRMR	0.048	0.048

Table 1

Recommendations for Model Evaluation: Some Rules of Thumb

Fit Measure	Good Fit	Acceptable Fit
χ^2	$0 \leq \chi^2 \leq 2df$	$2df < \chi^2 \leq 3df$
p value	$.05 < p \leq 1.00$	$.01 \leq p \leq .05$
χ^2/df	$0 \leq \chi^2/df \leq 2$	$2 < \chi^2/df \leq 3$
$RMSEA$	$0 \leq RMSEA \leq .05$	$.05 < RMSEA \leq .08$
p value for test of close fit ($RMSEA < .05$)	$.10 < p \leq 1.00$	$.05 \leq p \leq .10$
Confidence interval (CI)	close to $RMSEA$, left boundary of CI = .00	close to $RMSEA$
$SRMR$	$0 \leq SRMR \leq .05$	$.05 < SRMR \leq .10$
NFI	$.95 \leq NFI \leq 1.00^a$	$.90 \leq NFI < .95$
$NNFI$	$.97 \leq NNFI \leq 1.00^b$	$.95 \leq NNFI < .97^c$
CFI	$.97 \leq CFI \leq 1.00$	$.95 \leq CFI < .97^c$
GFI	$.95 \leq GFI \leq 1.00$	$.90 \leq GFI < .95$
$AGFI$	$.90 \leq AGFI \leq 1.00$, close to GFI	$.85 \leq AGFI < .90$, close to GFI
AIC	smaller than AIC for comparison model	
$CAIC$	smaller than $CAIC$ for comparison model	
$ECVI$	smaller than $ECVI$ for comparison model	

Note. $AGFI$ = Adjusted Goodness-of-Fit-Index, AIC = Akaike Information Criterion, $CAIC$ = Consistent AIC , CFI = Comparative Fit Index, $ECVI$ = Expected Cross Validation Index, GFI = Goodness-of-Fit Index, NFI = Normed Fit Index, $NNFI$ = Nonnormed Fit Index, $RMSEA$ = Root Mean Square Error of Approximation, $SRMR$ = Standardized Root Mean Square Residual.

^a NFI may not reach 1.0 even if the specified model is correct, especially in smaller samples (Bentler, 1990). ^bAs $NNFI$ is not normed, values can sometimes be outside the 0-1 range. ^c $NNFI$ and CFI values of .97 seem to be more realistic than the often reported cutoff criterion of .95 for a good model fit.

Latent Variables:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
swb =~				
SWB_1	1.000			
SWB_2	1.200	0.028	42.310	0.000
SWB_3	0.918	0.025	37.248	0.000
mat =~				
MATERIALISM_1	1.000			
MATERIALISM_2	0.766	0.020	37.892	0.000
MATERIALISM_3	1.025	0.026	39.000	0.000
selfc =~				
SELFCONTROL_1	1.000			
SELFCONTROL_2	-1.795	0.121	-14.789	0.000
SELFCONTROL_3	-2.148	0.152	-14.160	0.000

Covariances:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
swb ~~				
mat	0.010	0.014	0.694	0.488
selfc	-0.107	0.009	-12.301	0.000
mat ~~				
selfc	0.023	0.004	5.489	0.000

Variances:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
.SWB_1	0.948	0.037	25.587	0.000
.SWB_2	0.437	0.041	10.651	0.000
.SWB_3	1.263	0.041	30.613	0.000
.MATERIALISM_1	0.466	0.019	24.823	0.000
.MATERIALISM_2	0.646	0.016	40.968	0.000
.MATERIALISM_3	0.379	0.019	19.825	0.000
.SELFCONTROL_1	0.591	0.013	47.097	0.000
.SELFCONTROL_2	0.305	0.011	28.984	0.000
.SELFCONTROL_3	0.214	0.012	17.516	0.000
swb	1.103	0.045	24.482	0.000
mat	0.635	0.023	27.880	0.000
selfc	0.054	0.007	8.116	0.000

Indicador de problemas
en la fiabilidad de la
escala

> fitMeasures(fitAFC)

npar	fmin	chisq
21.000	0.047	575.657
df	pvalue	chisq.scaled
24.000	0.000	482.508
df.scaled	pvalue.scaled	chisq.scaling.factor
24.000	0.000	1.193
baseline.chisq	baseline.df	baseline.pvalue
13734.840	36.000	0.000
baseline.chisq.scaled	baseline.df.scaled	baseline.pvalue.scaled
10649.457	36.000	0.000
baseline.chisq.scaling.factor	cfi	tli
1.290	0.960	0.940
nnfi	rfi	nfi
0.940	0.937	0.958
pnfi	ifi	rni
0.639	0.960	0.960
cfi.scaled	tli.scaled	cfi.robust
0.957	0.935	0.960
tli.robust	nnfi.scaled	nnfi.robust
0.940	0.935	0.940
rfi.scaled	nfi.scaled	ifi.scaled
0.932	0.955	0.957
rni.scaled	rni.robust	logl
0.957	0.960	-72698.477
unrestricted.logl	aic	bic
-72410.648	145438.954	145580.015
ntotal	bic2	rmsea
6107.000	145513.282	0.061
rmsea.ci.lower	rmsea.ci.upper	rmsea.pvalue
0.057	0.066	0.000
rmsea.scaled	rmsea.ci.lower.scaled	rmsea.ci.upper.scaled
0.056	0.052	0.060
rmsea.pvalue.scaled	rmsea.robust	rmsea.ci.lower.robust
0.007	0.061	0.056
rmsea.ci.upper.robust	rmsea.pvalue.robust	rmr
0.066	NA	0.051
rmr_nomean	srmr	srmr_bentler
0.051	0.048	0.048
srmr_bentler_nomean	crmr	crmr_nomean
0.048	0.054	0.054
srmr_mplus	srmr_mplus_nomean	cn_05
0.048	0.048	387.318
cn_01	gfi	agfi
456.962	0.978	0.960
pgfi	mfi	ecvi
0.522	0.956	0.101

>

```
> inspect (fitAFC, "cor.lv")
```

	swb	mat	selfc
swb	1.000		
mat	0.011	1.000	
selfc	-0.438	0.125	1.000

```
> inspect (fitAFC, "cor.ov")
```

	SWB_1	SWB_2	SWB_3	MATERIALISM_1	MATERIALISM_2	MATERIALISM_3	SELFCONTROL_1
SWB_1	1.000						
SWB_2	0.650	1.000					
SWB_3	0.478	0.577	1.000				
MATERIALISM_1	0.006	0.008	0.006	1.000			
MATERIALISM_2	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.459	1.000		
MATERIALISM_3	0.007	0.008	0.006	0.606	0.483	1.000	
SELFCONTROL_1	-0.093	-0.112	-0.082	0.028	0.022	0.029	1.000
SELFCONTROL_2	0.193	0.234	0.172	-0.057	-0.046	-0.060	-0.174
SELFCONTROL_3	0.235	0.284	0.209	-0.070	-0.056	-0.073	-0.212

	SELFCONTROL_2	SELFCONTROL_3
SWB_1		
SWB_2		
SWB_3		
MATERIALISM_1		
MATERIALISM_2		
MATERIALISM_3		
SELFCONTROL_1		
SELFCONTROL_2	1.000	
SELFCONTROL_3	0.441	1.000

Indicador de regresión: se lee como “está medido por”

Indicador de varianza/covarianza

Indicador de problemas en la fiabilidad de la escala

> standardizedSolution(fitAFC)

	lhs	op	rhs	est.std	se	z	pvalue	ci.lower	ci.upper
1	swb	=~	SWB_1	0.733	0.012	63.602	0.000	0.711	0.756
2	swb	=~	SWB_2	0.886	0.011	79.531	0.000	0.864	0.907
3	swb	=~	SWB_3	0.651	0.013	51.233	0.000	0.626	0.676
4	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_1	0.759	0.011	67.713	0.000	0.737	0.781
5	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_2	0.605	0.012	50.170	0.000	0.581	0.629
6	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_3	0.798	0.011	69.478	0.000	0.776	0.821
7	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_1	0.289	0.018	16.137	0.000	0.254	0.324
8	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_2	-0.602	0.017	-34.450	0.000	-0.637	-0.568
9	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_3	-0.733	0.018	-41.501	0.000	-0.767	-0.698
10	SWB_1	~~	SWB_1	0.462	0.017	27.323	0.000	0.429	0.495
11	SWB_2	~~	SWB_2	0.216	0.020	10.934	0.000	0.177	0.254
12	SWB_3	~~	SWB_3	0.576	0.017	34.801	0.000	0.544	0.608
13	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_1	0.423	0.017	24.844	0.000	0.390	0.457
14	MATERIALISM_2	~~	MATERIALISM_2	0.634	0.015	43.450	0.000	0.605	0.663
15	MATERIALISM_3	~~	MATERIALISM_3	0.362	0.018	19.751	0.000	0.327	0.398
16	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	0.916	0.010	88.517	0.000	0.896	0.937
17	SELFCONTROL_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	0.637	0.021	30.242	0.000	0.596	0.678
18	SELFCONTROL_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	0.463	0.026	17.883	0.000	0.412	0.514
19	swb	~~	swb	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
20	mat	~~	mat	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
21	selfc	~~	selfc	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
22	swb	~~	mat	0.011	0.017	0.694	0.488	-0.021	0.044
23	swb	~~	selfc	-0.438	0.018	-24.207	0.000	-0.473	-0.402
24	mat	~~	selfc	0.125	0.020	6.297	0.000	0.086	0.164

> |


```
> MI <- modificationIndices(fitAFC)
```

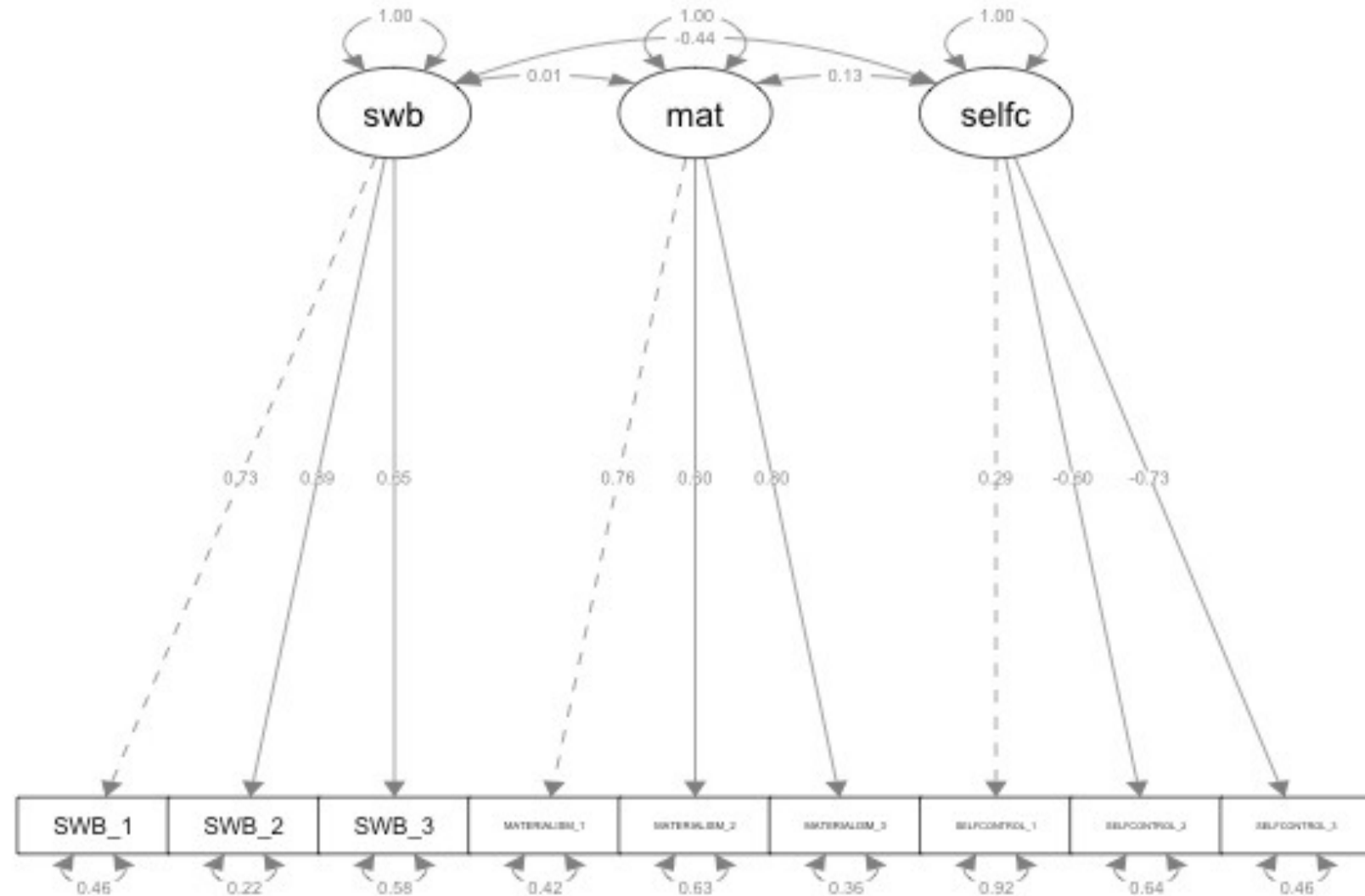
```
> subset(MI, mi > 4)
```

	lhs	op	rhs	mi	epc	sepc.lv	sepc.all	sepc.nox
25	swb	==	MATERIALISM_1	9.003	-0.034	-0.036	-0.034	-0.034
28	swb	==	SELFCONTROL_1	4.908	0.028	0.029	0.037	0.037
29	swb	==	SELFCONTROL_2	100.243	-0.155	-0.162	-0.235	-0.235
30	swb	==	SELFCONTROL_3	138.037	0.222	0.233	0.342	0.342
31	mat	==	SWB_1	106.440	-0.204	-0.163	-0.114	-0.114
32	mat	==	SWB_2	9.197	0.062	0.049	0.035	0.035
33	mat	==	SWB_3	66.274	0.178	0.142	0.096	0.096
34	mat	==	SELFCONTROL_1	184.733	0.196	0.157	0.195	0.195
35	mat	==	SELFCONTROL_2	14.945	-0.048	-0.038	-0.055	-0.055
36	mat	==	SELFCONTROL_3	99.739	0.143	0.114	0.167	0.167
37	selfc	==	SWB_1	53.671	-0.680	-0.158	-0.110	-0.110
38	selfc	==	SWB_2	63.610	0.792	0.184	0.129	0.129
40	selfc	==	MATERIALISM_1	6.526	0.150	0.035	0.033	0.033
41	selfc	==	MATERIALISM_2	20.016	-0.267	-0.062	-0.061	-0.061
43	SWB_1	~~	SWB_2	12.947	0.209	0.209	0.325	0.325
44	SWB_1	~~	SWB_3	56.263	-0.256	-0.256	-0.234	-0.234
45	SWB_1	~~	MATERIALISM_1	27.673	-0.059	-0.059	-0.088	-0.088
47	SWB_1	~~	MATERIALISM_3	18.727	-0.046	-0.046	-0.077	-0.077
48	SWB_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	8.721	-0.032	-0.032	-0.042	-0.042
49	SWB_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	8.057	0.024	0.024	0.045	0.045
50	SWB_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	4.138	0.017	0.017	0.038	0.038
51	SWB_2	~~	SWB_3	28.249	0.244	0.244	0.328	0.328
53	SWB_2	~~	MATERIALISM_2	5.348	-0.025	-0.025	-0.047	-0.047
54	SWB_2	~~	MATERIALISM_3	17.628	0.042	0.042	0.103	0.103
56	SWB_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	47.378	-0.058	-0.058	-0.160	-0.160
58	SWB_3	~~	MATERIALISM_1	28.222	0.066	0.066	0.086	0.086
61	SWB_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	11.606	0.041	0.041	0.047	0.047
63	SWB_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	25.112	0.046	0.046	0.088	0.088
64	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_2	4.161	0.120	0.120	0.219	0.219
65	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_3	16.531	-0.437	-0.437	-1.040	-1.040
66	MATERIALISM_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	19.109	0.035	0.035	0.067	0.067
72	MATERIALISM_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	15.102	0.025	0.025	0.068	0.068
73	MATERIALISM_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	37.302	0.048	0.048	0.100	0.100
74	MATERIALISM_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	28.079	-0.033	-0.033	-0.097	-0.097
75	MATERIALISM_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	22.933	0.029	0.029	0.103	0.103
76	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	50.835	-0.053	-0.053	-0.126	-0.126
77	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	74.352	0.074	0.074	0.209	0.209
78	SELFCONTROL_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	5.765	0.051	0.051	0.198	0.198

```
> |
```

Relevancia limitada por
los índices de ajuste del
modelo

```
> library(semPlot)
> semPaths(fitAFC, "std", weighted = FALSE, nCharNodes = 7,
+          shapeMan = "rectangle", sizeMan = 8, sizeMan2 = 5)
```



PROCEDIMIENTO: EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA

- Interpretación del modelo de medida
 - ¿Existen correlaciones superiores a la unidad?
 - ¿Existen cargas factoriales estandarizadas fuera del intervalo -1, +1?
 - ¿Son los errores estándar anormalmente grandes o pequeños?
 - ¿Hay estimaciones negativas de las varianzas?
- Con respuestas positivas a estas preguntas hay problemas en el modelo (especificación, no normalidad, muestra demasiado pequeña, modelo no identificado o problema con los valores perdidos)

PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- FIABILIDAD Y VALIDEZ

PROCEDIMIENTO: FIABILIDAD Y VALIDEZ

- Evaluar la calidad del modelo de medida Interpretación del modelo de medida
- Fiabilidad: aplicaciones repetidas del instrumento generan resultados consistentes
 - Alfa de Cronbach > 0.7
 - Fiabilidad compuesta > 0.7 a partir de resultados del AFC
- Validez
 - De contenido
 - Convergente: cargas factoriales > 0.6 ó 0.7 ($\sqrt{0.7} = 0.5$)
 - Discriminante: test del intervalo de confianza (ver diapositiva 21), Fornell y Larcker ($AVE > \text{correlación al cuadrado}$)

```
> library(semTools)
```

Indicador de problemas en la fiabilidad de la escala

```
#####  
This is semTools 0.5-4  
All users of R (or SEM) are invited to submit functions or ideas for functions.  
#####  
> reliability(fitAFC)
```

	swb	mat	selfc
alpha	0.7938106	0.7626696	-0.02077786
omega	0.8020386	0.7684229	0.29598838
omega2	0.8020386	0.7684229	0.29598838
omega3	0.8054651	0.7681281	0.29831240
avevar	0.5777184	0.5290683	0.30015487

```
> inspect (fitAFC, "cor.lv")  
      swb    mat    selfc  
swb    1.000  
mat    0.011  1.000  
selfc -0.438  0.125  1.000
```

avevar > 0.5

PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- FIABILIDAD Y VALIDEZ
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

```
# SEM
modeloSEM <- '
# modelo de medida
swb =~ SWB_1 + SWB_2 + SWB_3
mat =~ MATERIALISM_1 + MATERIALISM_2 + MATERIALISM_3
selfc =~ SELFCONTROL_1 + SELFCONTROL_2 + SELFCONTROL_3

# regresiones
swb ~ mat + selfc
'
```

PROCEDIMIENTO: ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

```
fitSEM <- sem(modeloSEM, data = mydata, estimator = "MLM")
summary(fitSEM, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE, rsquare=TRUE)
parameterEstimates(fitSEM, boot.ci.type="bca.simple")
fitMeasures(fitSEM)
inspect (fitSEM, "cor.lv")
standardizedSolution(fitSEM)
MI <- modificationIndices(fitSEM)
subset(MI, mi > 4)
```

PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- FIABILIDAD Y VALIDEZ
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

```
> summary(fitSEM, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE, rsquare=TRUE)
lavaan 0.6-8 ended normally after 49 iterations
```

Estimator	ML
Optimization method	NLMINB
Number of model parameters	21

	Used	Total
Number of observations	6107	6394

Model Test User Model:

	Standard	Robust
Test Statistic	575.657	482.508
Degrees of freedom	24	24
P-value (Chi-square)	0.000	0.000
Scaling correction factor		1.193
Satorra-Bentler correction		

Model Test Baseline Model:

Test statistic	13734.840	10649.457
Degrees of freedom	36	36
P-value	0.000	0.000
Scaling correction factor		1.290

User Model versus Baseline Model:

Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	0.960	0.957
Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.940	0.935
Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)		0.960
Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)		0.940

Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:

Loglikelihood user model (H0)	-72698.477	-72698.477
Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)	-72410.648	-72410.648
Akaike (AIC)	145438.954	145438.954
Bayesian (BIC)	145580.015	145580.015
Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)	145513.282	145513.282

Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:

RMSEA	0.061	0.056
90 Percent confidence interval - lower	0.057	0.052
90 Percent confidence interval - upper	0.066	0.060
P-value RMSEA <= 0.05	0.000	0.007
Robust RMSEA		0.061
90 Percent confidence interval - lower		0.056
90 Percent confidence interval - upper		0.066

Robust RMSEA	0.061
90 Percent confidence interval - lower	0.056
90 Percent confidence interval - upper	0.066

Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:

SRMR	0.048	0.048
------	-------	-------

Latent Variables:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
swb =~						
SWB_1	1.000				1.050	0.733
SWB_2	1.200	0.028	42.310	0.000	1.261	0.886
SWB_3	0.918	0.025	37.248	0.000	0.964	0.651
mat =~						
MATERIALISM_1	1.000				0.797	0.759
MATERIALISM_2	0.766	0.020	37.892	0.000	0.611	0.605
MATERIALISM_3	1.025	0.026	39.000	0.000	0.817	0.798
selfc =~						
SELFCONTROL_1	1.000				0.232	0.289
SELFCONTROL_2	-1.795	0.121	-14.789	0.000	-0.416	-0.602
SELFCONTROL_3	-2.148	0.152	-14.160	0.000	-0.498	-0.733

Indicador de problemas en la fiabilidad de la escala

Regressions:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
swb ~						
mat	0.089	0.021	4.280	0.000	0.067	0.067
selfc	-2.021	0.146	-13.805	0.000	-0.446	-0.446

Covariances:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
mat ~~						
selfc	0.023	0.004	5.489	0.000	0.125	0.125

Variances:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
.SWB_1	0.948	0.037	25.587	0.000	0.948	0.462
.SWB_2	0.437	0.041	10.651	0.000	0.437	0.216
.SWB_3	1.263	0.041	30.613	0.000	1.263	0.576
.MATERIALISM_1	0.466	0.019	24.823	0.000	0.466	0.423
.MATERIALISM_2	0.646	0.016	40.968	0.000	0.646	0.634
.MATERIALISM_3	0.379	0.019	19.825	0.000	0.379	0.362
.SELFCONTROL_1	0.591	0.013	47.097	0.000	0.591	0.916
.SELFCONTROL_2	0.305	0.011	28.985	0.000	0.305	0.637
.SELFCONTROL_3	0.214	0.012	17.516	0.000	0.214	0.463
.swb	0.887	0.040	22.290	0.000	0.804	0.804
mat	0.635	0.023	27.880	0.000	1.000	1.000
selfc	0.054	0.007	8.116	0.000	1.000	1.000

R-Square:

	Estimate
SWB_1	0.538
SWB_2	0.784
SWB_3	0.424
MATERIALISM_1	0.577
MATERIALISM_2	0.366
MATERIALISM_3	0.638
SELFCONTROL_1	0.084
SELFCONTROL_2	0.363
SELFCONTROL_3	0.537
swb	0.196

```
> parameterEstimates(fitSEM, boot.ci.type="bca.simple")
```

	lhs	op	rhs	est	se	z	pvalue	ci.lower	ci.upper
1	swb	=~	SWB_1	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
2	swb	=~	SWB_2	1.200	0.028	42.310	0	1.145	1.256
3	swb	=~	SWB_3	0.918	0.025	37.248	0	0.869	0.966
4	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_1	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
5	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_2	0.766	0.020	37.892	0	0.726	0.806
6	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_3	1.025	0.026	39.000	0	0.973	1.076
7	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_1	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
8	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_2	-1.795	0.121	-14.789	0	-2.033	-1.557
9	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_3	-2.148	0.152	-14.160	0	-2.446	-1.851
10	swb	~	mat	0.089	0.021	4.280	0	0.048	0.130
11	swb	~	selfc	-2.021	0.146	-13.805	0	-2.308	-1.734
12	SWB_1	~~	SWB_1	0.948	0.037	25.587	0	0.875	1.021
13	SWB_2	~~	SWB_2	0.437	0.041	10.651	0	0.357	0.517
14	SWB_3	~~	SWB_3	1.263	0.041	30.613	0	1.182	1.343
15	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_1	0.466	0.019	24.823	0	0.429	0.503
16	MATERIALISM_2	~~	MATERIALISM_2	0.646	0.016	40.968	0	0.615	0.677
17	MATERIALISM_3	~~	MATERIALISM_3	0.379	0.019	19.825	0	0.342	0.417
18	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	0.591	0.013	47.097	0	0.566	0.615
19	SELFCONTROL_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	0.305	0.011	28.985	0	0.284	0.325
20	SELFCONTROL_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	0.214	0.012	17.516	0	0.190	0.238
21	swb	~~	swb	0.887	0.040	22.290	0	0.809	0.965
22	mat	~~	mat	0.635	0.023	27.880	0	0.591	0.680
23	selfc	~~	selfc	0.054	0.007	8.116	0	0.041	0.067
24	mat	~~	selfc	0.023	0.004	5.489	0	0.015	0.031

Indicador de problemas
en la fiabilidad de la
escala

> fitMeasures(fitSEM)

npar	fmin	chisq
21.000	0.047	575.657
df	pvalue	chisq.scaled
24.000	0.000	482.508
df.scaled	pvalue.scaled	chisq.scaling.factor
24.000	0.000	1.193
baseline.chisq	baseline.df	baseline.pvalue
13734.840	36.000	0.000
baseline.chisq.scaled	baseline.df.scaled	baseline.pvalue.scaled
10649.457	36.000	0.000
baseline.chisq.scaling.factor	cfi	tli
1.290	0.960	0.940
nnfi	rfi	nfi
0.940	0.937	0.958
pnfi	ifi	rni
0.639	0.960	0.960
cfi.scaled	tli.scaled	cfi.robust
0.957	0.935	0.960
tli.robust	nnfi.scaled	nnfi.robust
0.940	0.935	0.940
rfi.scaled	nfi.scaled	ifi.scaled
0.932	0.955	0.957
rni.scaled	rni.robust	logl
0.957	0.960	-72698.477
unrestricted.logl	aic	bic
-72410.648	145438.954	145580.015
ntotal	bic2	rmsea
6107.000	145513.282	0.061
rmsea.ci.lower	rmsea.ci.upper	rmsea.pvalue
0.057	0.066	0.000
rmsea.scaled	rmsea.ci.lower.scaled	rmsea.ci.upper.scaled
0.056	0.052	0.060
rmsea.pvalue.scaled	rmsea.robust	rmsea.ci.lower.robust
0.007	0.061	0.056
rmsea.ci.upper.robust	rmsea.pvalue.robust	rmr
0.066	NA	0.051
rmr_nomean	srmr	srmr_bentler
0.051	0.048	0.048
srmr_bentler_nomean	crmr	crmr_nomean
0.048	0.054	0.054
srmr_mplus	srmr_mplus_nomean	cn_05
0.048	0.048	387.318
cn_01	gfi	agfi
456.962	0.978	0.960
pgfi	mfi	ecvi
0.522	0.956	0.101

```
> inspect (fitSEM, "cor.lv")
```

```
      swb    mat    selfc
swb    1.000
mat    0.011  1.000
selfc -0.438  0.125  1.000
```

Indicador de problemas en la fiabilidad de la escala

```
> standardizedSolution(fitSEM)
```

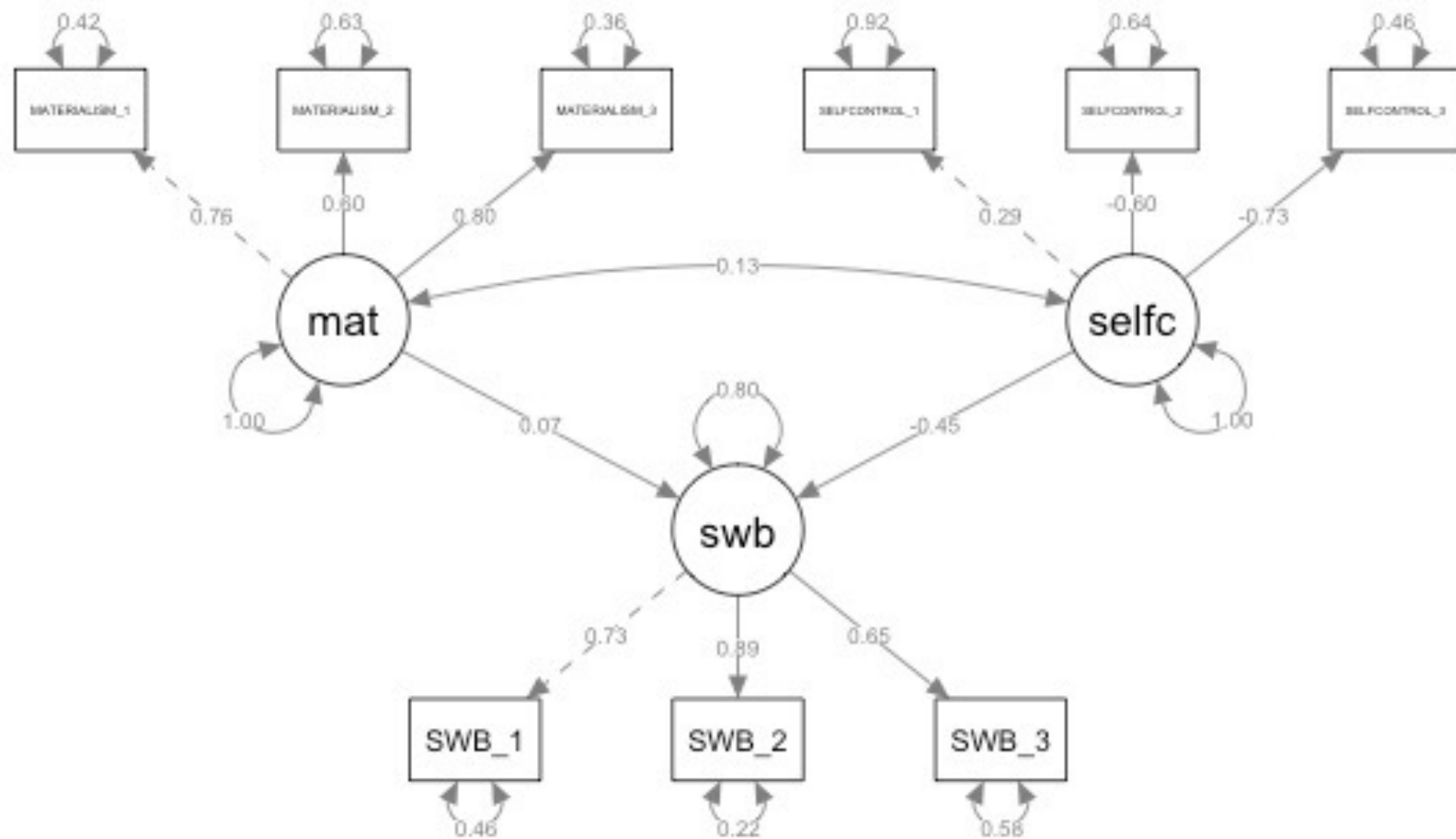
	lhs	op	rhs	est	std	se	z	pvalue	ci.lower	ci.upper
1	swb	=~	SWB_1	0.733	0.012	63.602	0	0.711	0.756	
2	swb	=~	SWB_2	0.886	0.011	79.531	0	0.864	0.907	
3	swb	=~	SWB_3	0.651	0.013	51.233	0	0.626	0.676	
4	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_1	0.759	0.011	67.713	0	0.737	0.781	
5	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_2	0.605	0.012	50.170	0	0.581	0.629	
6	mat	=~	MATERIALISM_3	0.798	0.011	69.478	0	0.776	0.821	
7	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_1	0.289	0.018	16.137	0	0.254	0.324	
8	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_2	-0.602	0.017	-34.450	0	-0.637	-0.568	
9	selfc	=~	SELFCONTROL_3	-0.733	0.018	-41.501	0	-0.767	-0.698	
10	swb	~	mat	0.067	0.016	4.288	0	0.037	0.098	
11	swb	~	selfc	-0.446	0.018	-24.437	0	-0.482	-0.411	
12	SWB_1	~~	SWB_1	0.462	0.017	27.323	0	0.429	0.495	
13	SWB_2	~~	SWB_2	0.216	0.020	10.934	0	0.177	0.254	
14	SWB_3	~~	SWB_3	0.576	0.017	34.801	0	0.544	0.608	
15	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_1	0.423	0.017	24.844	0	0.390	0.457	
16	MATERIALISM_2	~~	MATERIALISM_2	0.634	0.015	43.450	0	0.605	0.663	
17	MATERIALISM_3	~~	MATERIALISM_3	0.362	0.018	19.751	0	0.327	0.398	
18	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	0.916	0.010	88.517	0	0.896	0.937	
19	SELFCONTROL_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	0.637	0.021	30.242	0	0.596	0.678	
20	SELFCONTROL_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	0.463	0.026	17.883	0	0.412	0.514	
21	swb	~~	swb	0.804	0.016	50.190	0	0.772	0.835	
22	mat	~~	mat	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000	
23	selfc	~~	selfc	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000	
24	mat	~~	selfc	0.125	0.020	6.297	0	0.086	0.164	


```
> MI <- modificationIndices(fitSEM)
```

```
> subset(MI, mi > 4)
```

	lhs	op	rhs	mi	epc	sepc.lv	sepc.all	sepc.nox
25	swb	=~	MATERIALISM_1	9.003	-0.034	-0.036	-0.034	-0.034
28	swb	=~	SELFCONTROL_1	4.908	0.028	0.029	0.037	0.037
29	swb	=~	SELFCONTROL_2	100.243	-0.155	-0.162	-0.235	-0.235
30	swb	=~	SELFCONTROL_3	138.037	0.222	0.233	0.342	0.342
31	mat	=~	SWB_1	106.440	-0.204	-0.163	-0.114	-0.114
32	mat	=~	SWB_2	9.197	0.062	0.049	0.035	0.035
33	mat	=~	SWB_3	66.274	0.178	0.142	0.096	0.096
34	mat	=~	SELFCONTROL_1	184.733	0.196	0.157	0.195	0.195
35	mat	=~	SELFCONTROL_2	14.945	-0.048	-0.038	-0.055	-0.055
36	mat	=~	SELFCONTROL_3	99.740	0.143	0.114	0.167	0.167
37	selfc	=~	SWB_1	53.671	-0.680	-0.158	-0.110	-0.110
38	selfc	=~	SWB_2	63.610	0.792	0.184	0.129	0.129
40	selfc	=~	MATERIALISM_1	6.526	0.150	0.035	0.033	0.033
41	selfc	=~	MATERIALISM_2	20.016	-0.267	-0.062	-0.061	-0.061
43	SWB_1	~~	SWB_2	12.947	0.209	0.209	0.325	0.325
44	SWB_1	~~	SWB_3	56.263	-0.256	-0.256	-0.234	-0.234
45	SWB_1	~~	MATERIALISM_1	27.673	-0.059	-0.059	-0.088	-0.088
47	SWB_1	~~	MATERIALISM_3	18.727	-0.046	-0.046	-0.077	-0.077
48	SWB_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	8.721	-0.032	-0.032	-0.042	-0.042
49	SWB_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	8.057	0.024	0.024	0.045	0.045
50	SWB_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	4.138	0.017	0.017	0.038	0.038
51	SWB_2	~~	SWB_3	28.249	0.244	0.244	0.328	0.328
53	SWB_2	~~	MATERIALISM_2	5.348	-0.025	-0.025	-0.047	-0.047
54	SWB_2	~~	MATERIALISM_3	17.628	0.042	0.042	0.103	0.103
56	SWB_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	47.378	-0.058	-0.058	-0.160	-0.160
58	SWB_3	~~	MATERIALISM_1	28.222	0.066	0.066	0.086	0.086
61	SWB_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	11.606	0.041	0.041	0.047	0.047
63	SWB_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	25.112	0.046	0.046	0.088	0.088
64	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_2	4.161	0.120	0.120	0.219	0.219
65	MATERIALISM_1	~~	MATERIALISM_3	16.532	-0.438	-0.438	-1.040	-1.040
66	MATERIALISM_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	19.109	0.035	0.035	0.067	0.067
72	MATERIALISM_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	15.102	0.025	0.025	0.068	0.068
73	MATERIALISM_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_1	37.302	0.048	0.048	0.100	0.100
74	MATERIALISM_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	28.079	-0.033	-0.033	-0.097	-0.097
75	MATERIALISM_3	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	22.933	0.029	0.029	0.103	0.103
76	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_2	50.835	-0.053	-0.053	-0.126	-0.126
77	SELFCONTROL_1	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	74.353	0.074	0.074	0.209	0.209
78	SELFCONTROL_2	~~	SELFCONTROL_3	5.765	0.051	0.051	0.198	0.198

```
> semPaths(fitSEM, "std", layout = "tree2", weighted = FALSE, nCharNodes = 7,  
+          shapeMan = "rectangle", sizeMan = 8, sizeMan2 = 5)
```



PROCEDIMIENTO: EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

- Interpretación del modelo estructural
 - Interpretación de los parámetros estimados
 - Bondad del ajuste
 - Otros efectos: indirectos, multigrupo.

PROCEDIMIENTO

- ESPECIFICACIÓN DEL MODELO (sobre la base de la teoría y las hipótesis planteadas)
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO DE MEDIDA
- FIABILIDAD Y VALIDEZ
- ESTIMACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL
- EVALUACIÓN DEL MODELO ESTRUCTURAL

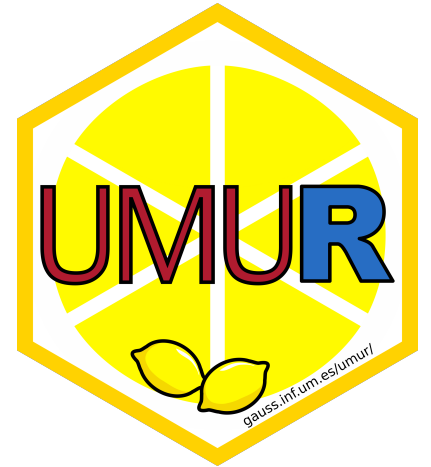
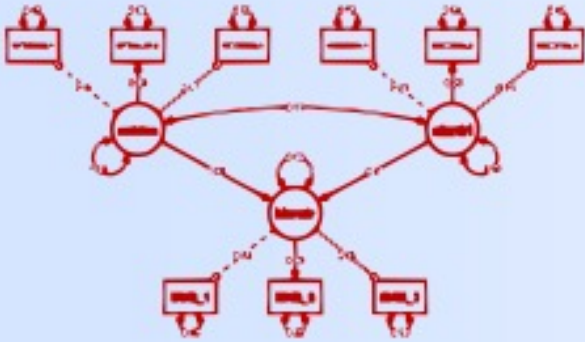
EJERCICIO

- Estimar los modelos con script y comentar los resultados

Referencias

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- Kaplan, D. (2001), “Structural equation modeling”. In N. J. Smelser & P. B. Baltes (Eds.), *International encyclopedia of the social & behavioral sciences*, Vol. 11, pp. 15215-15222.
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